PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY

8561 C AVENUE HESPERIA, CA 92345 A.P.N. 0410-242-03 & 04

PREPARED FOR:

TAYLOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT, LLC 21496 MAIN STREET 10770 I AVENUE HESPERIA, CA 92345 MOBILE: (760) 881-6800 CONTACT: ANDREW TAYLOR

PREPARED BY:

SITETECH, INC. 8061 CHURCH STREET, P.O. BOX 592 HIGHLAND, CA 92346 CONTACT: BERNIE MAYER

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PROFESSIONAL PROFE

BERNHARD K.MAYER R.C.E. 36866

01/02/24 **DATE**

.E. 36866 DA⁻

PROJECT INTRODUCTION

This project consists of the development of an existing 4.71-acre parcel in the City of Hesperia, County of San Bernardino. The parcel is located north of Lime Street on the east side of C Avenue, having A.P.N.s of 0410-242-03 & 04. The pre-developed land cover is partially developed with single family residences on each lot. The easterly half of the property undeveloped and classified as "Barren (rock land, eroded and graded land)". The proposed demolition to this parcel includes the removal of the existing residences and some fencing. The proposed improvements include 11 apartment buildings with a total of 70 units, a recreation building, 2 garage buildings, parking and drive aisles, 2 trash enclosures, street improvements, a variety of stormwater feature structures including curbs, gutters, Infiltration Basins, and rip rap. The post-developed condition will mimic the same flow pattern as the pre-developed condition. Stormwater will begin to be generated at the westerly property line and will be conveyed to concrete curb & gutters and v-gutters which will convey the runoff easterly to 2 infiltration basins. The Infiltration Basin will treat the runoff and outlet at the east property line like the existing drainage pattern.

Existing impervious area (all being removed) = 5,613 square-feet Proposed Impervious = 156,775 square-feet.

PROJECT INFORMATION

EXISTING WATERSHED DESCRIPTION

In pre-developed condition the site drains via sheet flow from the west property line to the east property line. There are no existing drainage courses on site.

PROPOSED WATERSHED DESCRIPTION

Stormwater runoff from the southerly portion begins at a high point in the driveway at the west property line and will be conveyed to a series of curb & gutter and v-gutters. These gutters will convey the runoff east to a parkway drain which will convey the runoff into the infiltration basin located at the southeast corner of the lot. Basin overflow will be conveyed to a drainage channel which will outlet the runoff at the existing low point along the east property line. Stormwater runoff from the northerly portion begins at a high point in the driveway at the west property line and will be conveyed to a series of curb & gutter and v-gutters. These gutters will convey the runoff east to a parkway drain which will convey the runoff into the infiltration basin located at the northeast corner of the lot. Basin overflow will outlet at the existing low point along the east property line.

METHODOLOGY - RATIONAL METHOD

The following scenario was modeled:

Existing Condition: 2-year Storm Event

Pre-Developed Condition: 100-year Storm Event

Developed Condition: 2-year Storm Event Developed Condition: 100-year Storm Event

Rainfall depth was derived from the San Bernardino County Flood Control & Water Conservation District Hydrology Manual's isohyetal maps and precipitation frequency Atlas, NOAA Atlas 14.

Rational Method computations were performed using Advanced Engineering Software (aes), ver. 23.0, based on the Hydrology Manual. Discharge was calculated by the software, based on user input of rainfall, soil type, acreage, and land use parameters.

Printouts of the rational method calculations, as well as applicable plates from the Manual, are included in this report.

CONCLUSIONS

This drainage study and the calculations presented herein demonstrate the following:

The proposed and existing drainage facilities are adequate to carry the runoff produced by 2-year and 100-year storm events

TOTAL RUNOFF LEAVING THE SITE

Existing Condition:

Q_2	=	3.34 cfs	Tc = 16.02 min.
Q_{100}	=	11.10 cfs	Tc = 16.02 min.

Proposed Condition:

$Q_2(100-110) =$	3.12 cfs	Tc = 11.06 min.
Q_{100} (100-110)=	6.81 cfs	Tc = 11.06 min.
$Q_2(200-210) =$	4.74 cfs	Tc = 9.65 min.
Q_{100} (200-210)=	10.26 cfs	Tc = 9.65 min.
$TOTAL Q_2 =$	7.86 cfs	Tc = 11.06 min.
TOTAL $Q_{100} =$	17.07 cfs	Tc = 9.65 min.

 Q_2 7.86 – 3.34 = 4.52 cfs Increase Q_{100} 17.07 – 11.10 = 5.97 cfs Increase

VOLUME MITIGATION

Existing (Q100) = 18,556 ft³ Proposed (Q100) = 26,204 ft³

 $26,204 - 18,556 = 7,648 \text{ ft}^3 < 9,159 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ (basin volume)}$

Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2020.4

Tuesday, 01 / 2 / 2024

Hyd. No. 1

TAYLOR APARTMENTS EXISTING 100 YEAR

Hydrograph type= RationalPeak discharge= 13.42 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 16 minTime interval= 1 minHyd. volume= 12,884 cuft

Drainage area = 4.710 ac Runoff coeff. = 0.4

Intensity = 7.124 in/hr Tc by User = 16.00 min IDF Curve = SampleFHA.idf Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2020.4

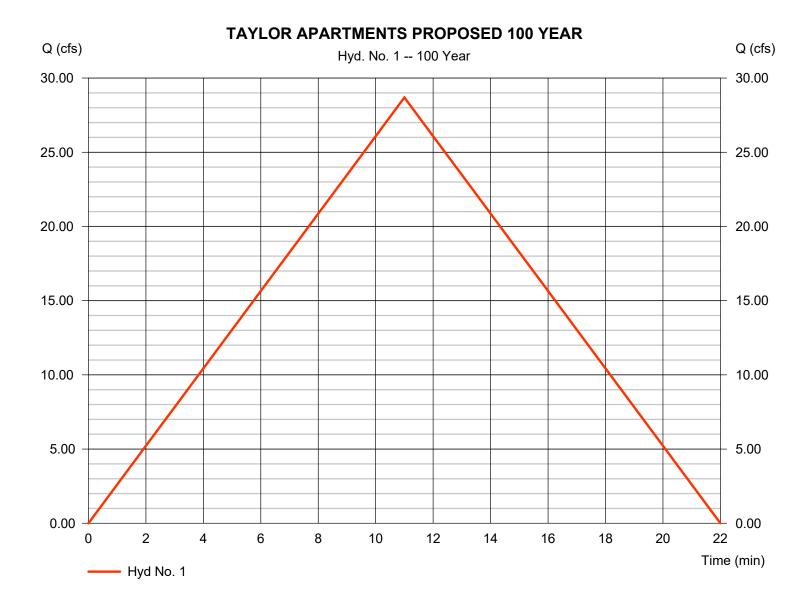
Tuesday, 01 / 2 / 2024

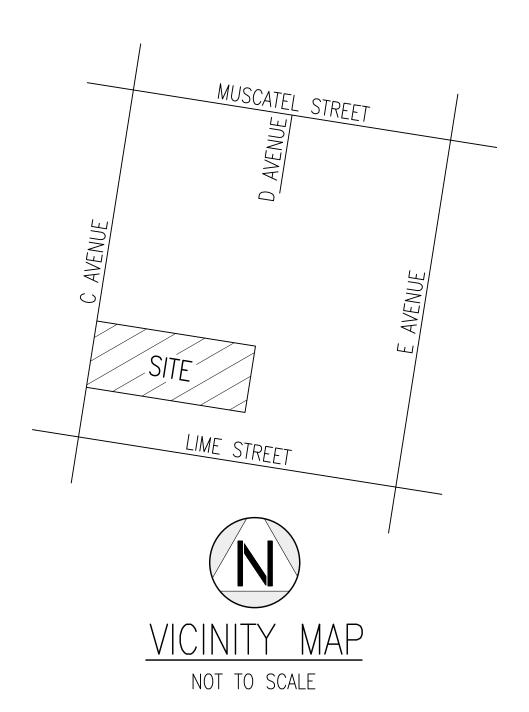
Hyd. No. 1

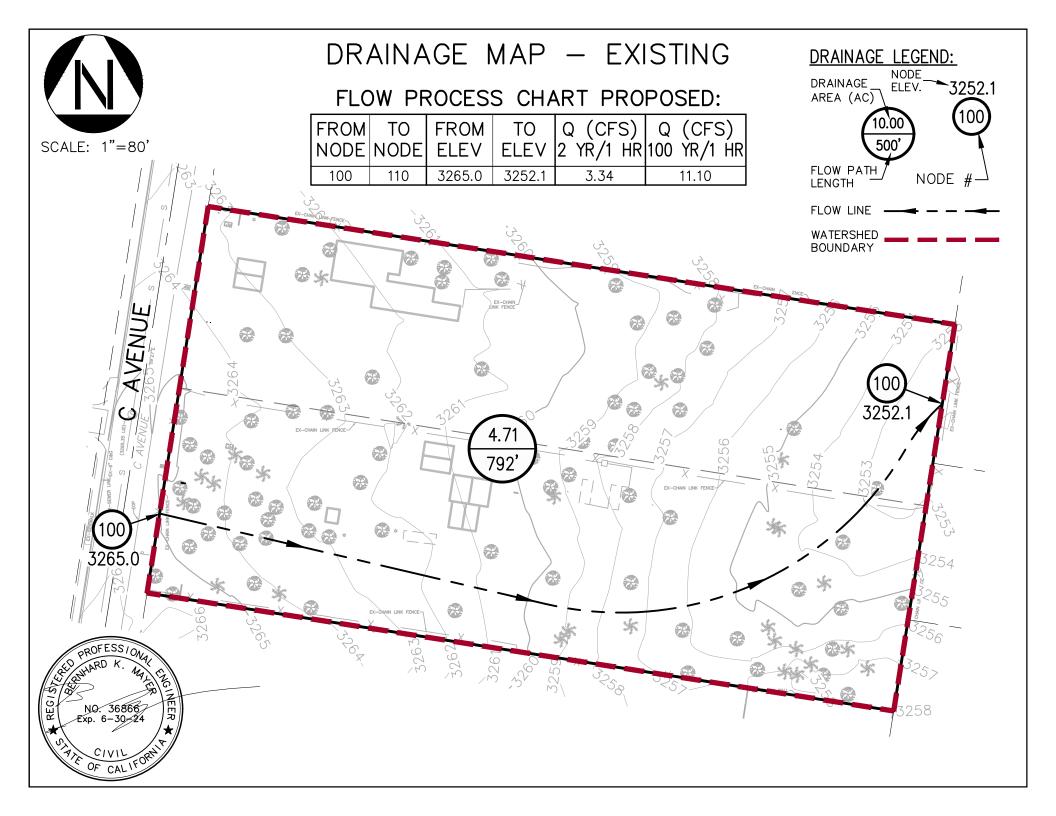
TAYLOR APARTMENTS PROPOSED 100 YEAR

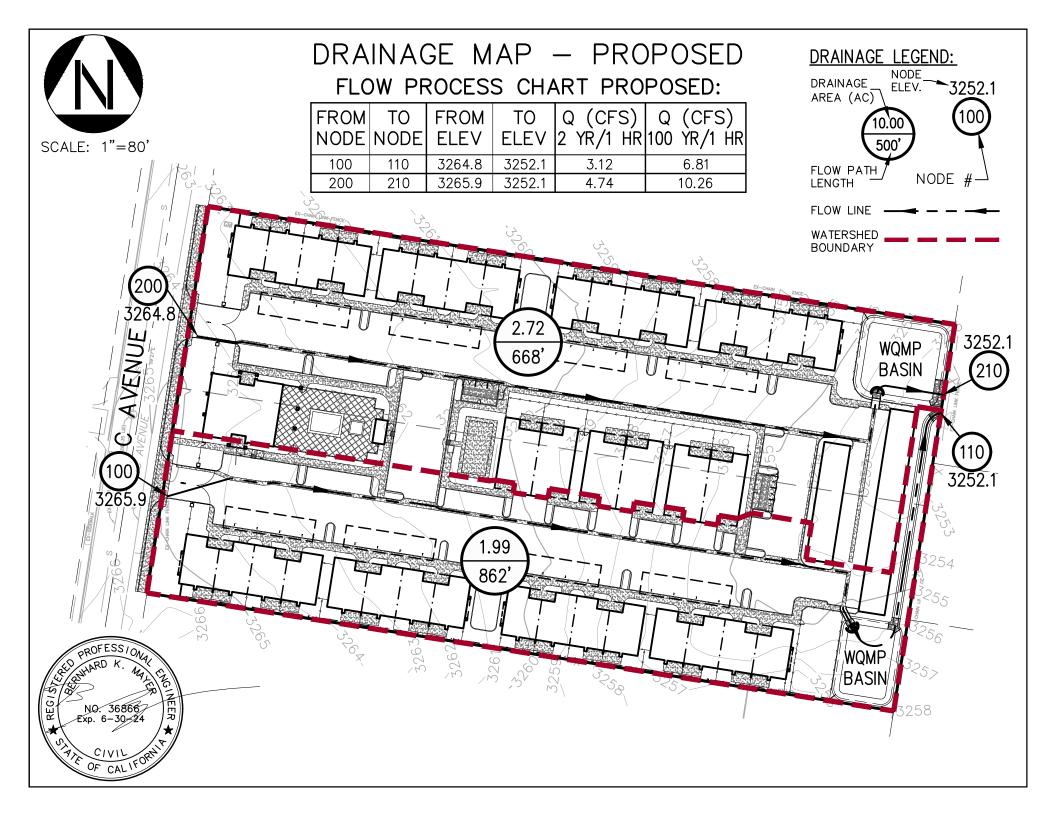
Peak discharge = 28.69 cfsHydrograph type = Rational Storm frequency Time to peak = 100 yrs= 11 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 18,934 cuft Drainage area = 4.710 acRunoff coeff. = 0.75Tc by User = 11.00 min Intensity = 8.121 in/hr

IDF Curve = SampleFHA.idf Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1









********************* RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE (Reference: 1986 SAN BERNARDINO CO. HYDROLOGY CRITERION)

(c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1524

Analysis prepared by:

SITETECH, INC. 8061 CHURCH STREET, P.O. 592 HIGHLAND, CA 92346 PH: (909) 864-3180

******************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************** * TAYLOR APARTMENTS - 8561 C AVENUE * 2 YEAR - 1 HOUR DESIGN STORM * EXISTING CONDITION ****************** FILE NAME: TAY2E.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:17 01/02/2024 ______ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 *USER-DEFINED LOGARITHMIC INTERPOLATION USED FOR RAINFALL*

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE (LOG(I; IN/HR) vs. LOG(Tc; MIN)) = 0.7000USER SPECIFIED 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.5800

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
 - as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
- *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
- OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
- *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 110.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<

>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

```
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 792.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 3265.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3252.10
 Tc = K^*[(LENGTH^{**} 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]^{**}0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 16.019
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.462
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA (AMC II):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                               SCS Tc
                                  Fρ
                                          Аp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
    LAND USE
 RESIDENTIAL
 ".4 DWELLING/ACRE"
                    В
                            4.71
                                  0.75
                                          0.900 56 16.02
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.900
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.34

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.71 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.34
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.7 TC(MIN.) = 16.02
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.71 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.67
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.75 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.900
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.34
______
______
```

**************** RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE (Reference: 1986 SAN BERNARDINO CO. HYDROLOGY CRITERION) (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1524 Analysis prepared by: SITETECH, INC. 8061 CHURCH STREET, P.O. 592 HIGHLAND, CA 92346 PH: (909) 864-3180 ******************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ******************* * TAYLOR APARTMENTS - 8561 C AVENUE * 100 YEAR - 1 HOUR DESIGN STORM * EXISTING CONDITION ***************** FILE NAME: TAY100E.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:11 01/02/2024 ______ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: ______ --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 *USER-DEFINED LOGARITHMIC INTERPOLATION USED FOR RAINFALL* SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE (LOG(I; IN/HR) vs. LOG(Tc; MIN)) = 0.7000USER SPECIFIED 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.1900 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD* *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED *********************

110.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE

```
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 792.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 3265.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3252.10
 Tc = K^*[(LENGTH^{**} 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]^{**}0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 16.019
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.999
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA (AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                                             Ap SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 RESIDENTIAL
 ".4 DWELLING/ACRE" B
                             4.71 0.42
                                             0.900 76 16.02
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.42
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.900
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.71 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
_____
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.7 TC(MIN.) = 16.02
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.71 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.38
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.42 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.900
                       11.10
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =
______
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****************** RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE (Reference: 1986 SAN BERNARDINO CO. HYDROLOGY CRITERION) (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1524 Analysis prepared by: SITETECH, INC. 8061 CHURCH STREET, P.O. 592 HIGHLAND, CA 92346 PH: (909) 864-3180 ******************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************** * TAYLOR APARTMENTS - 8561 C AVENUE * 2 YEAR - 1 HOUR DESIGN STORM * PROPOSED CONDITION ***************** FILE NAME: TAY2P.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:15 01/02/2024 ______ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: ______ --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 *USER-DEFINED LOGARITHMIC INTERPOLATION USED FOR RAINFALL* SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE (LOG(I; IN/HR) vs. LOG(Tc; MIN)) = 0.7000USER SPECIFIED 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.5800 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD* *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED *******************

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 110.00 IS CODE = 21

>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

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______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 862.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 3265.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3252.10
 Tc = K^*[(LENGTH^** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]^**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.063
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.894
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA (AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                 Fр
                                         Ap SCS
    LAND USE
                 GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
                    B 1.99 0.75 0.200 56
 APARTMENTS
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.200
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.12
                  1.99 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 668.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 3264.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3252.10
 Tc = K^*[(LENGTH^{**} 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]^{**}0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.653
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.084
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA (AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                Fp Ap SCS Tc
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
    LAND USE
                        2.72 0.75 0.200 56 9.65
 APARTMENTS
                   В
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.200
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.74
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.72 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.7 TC(MIN.) = 9.65
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.72 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.15
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.75 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.200
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 4.74
______
______
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**************** RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE (Reference: 1986 SAN BERNARDINO CO. HYDROLOGY CRITERION) (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1524 Analysis prepared by: SITETECH, INC. 8061 CHURCH STREET, P.O. 592 HIGHLAND, CA 92346 PH: (909) 864-3180 ******************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ******************* * TAYLOR APARTMENTS - 8561 C AVENUE * 100 YEAR - 1 HOUR DESIGN STORM * PROPOSED CONDITION ***************** FILE NAME: TAY100P.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:06 01/02/2024 ______ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: ______ --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 *USER-DEFINED LOGARITHMIC INTERPOLATION USED FOR RAINFALL* SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE (LOG(I; IN/HR) vs. LOG(Tc; MIN)) = 0.7000USER SPECIFIED 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.1900 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD* *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED *********************

110.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE

```
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 862.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 3265.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3252.10
 Tc = K^*[(LENGTH^** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]^**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.063
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.886
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA (AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                  Fρ
                                          Ар
                                               SCS
     LAND USE
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 APARTMENTS
                    B 1.99 0.42 0.200 76 11.06
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.42
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.200
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.81
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.99 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 668.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 3264.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3252.10
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.653
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 4.276
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA (AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                          Ap SCS Tc
                                  Fρ
     LAND USE
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 APARTMENTS
                         2.72 0.42 0.200 76 9.65
                    В
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.42
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.200
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.26
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.72 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.7 TC(MIN.) = 9.65
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.72 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.08
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.42 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.200
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.26
______
______
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SOUTH INFILTRATION BASIN						
Depth of Basin (ft) 1.5			Above Ground Storage (ft ³) 40			
Bottom Footprint (ft ²)	2270		Gravel Storage (ft ³)	0		
Area of Side Slope (ft ²)	911		Total System Storage (ft ³)	4088		
Volume of Basin (ft ³)	4088.25		Proposed DCV (ft ³)	4003		
Infiltration Footprint (ft ²)	3181		% of Total DCV Retention	102%		
Gravel Footprint (ft ²)			Measured Infil. Rate (in/hr)	0.76		
Gravel Depth (ft)			Factor of Safety	2		
Gravel Volume (ft²)	0		Design Infil. Rate (in/hr)	0.38		
Gravel Porosity	40%		BMP Drawdown (hr)	40.6		
	Re	esi	ılts			
Total System Retenti	Total System Retention (ft ³)			4088		
$V_{BMP} > V_{DCV}$???			YES			
BMP Drawdown < 48 hours ???			YES			
		=	INPUT DATA			
			CALCULATED DATA			

NORTH INFILTRATION BASIN						
Depth of Basin (ft) 1.5			Above Ground Storage (ft ³)	6074		
Bottom Footprint (ft ²)	3503		Gravel Storage (ft ³)	0		
Area of Side Slope (ft ²)	1092		Total System Storage (ft ³)	6074		
Volume of Basin (ft ³)	6073.50		Proposed DCV (ft ³)	5,700		
Infiltration Footprint (ft ²)	4595		% of Total DCV Retention	107%		
Gravel Footprint (ft ²)			Measured Infil. Rate (in/hr)	0.76		
Gravel Depth (ft)			Factor of Safety	2		
Gravel Volume (ft ²)	0		Design Infil. Rate (in/hr)	0.38		
Gravel Porosity	40%		BMP Drawdown (hr)	41.7		
	Re	esi	ılts			
Total System Retenti	on (ft ³)	=	6074			
$V_{BMP} > V_{DCV}$???			YES			
BMP Drawdown < 48 hours ???			YES			
		=	INPUT DATA			
		=	CALCULATED DATA			

^{*} Infiltration Basin Volume = (Bottom Footprint x Depth) + (Area of Side Slope x Depth)/2

^{*} Total Gravel Storage = (Gravel Volume) x Gravel Porosity

^{*} Total System Storage = Above Ground Storage + Gravel Storage

^{*} BMP Drawdown = [(Total Storage / Infiltration Footprint) x 12 in/ft] / Design Infil. Rate



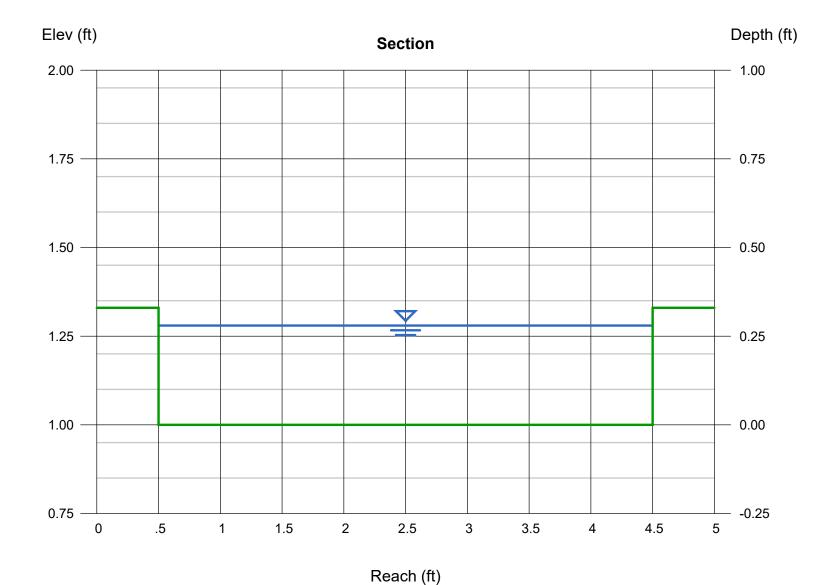
Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Jan 2 2024

SOUTH BASIN INLET - 36IN PARKWAY DRAIN

Rectangular		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.28
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.33	Q (cfs)	= 6.810
		Area (sqft)	= 1.12
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 6.08
Slope (%)	= 2.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 4.56
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.33
		Top Width (ft)	= 4.00
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.85
Compute by:	Known Q	` ,	
Known Q (cfs)	= 6.81		



Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Jan 2 2024

= 0.51= 6.810

= 2.56

= 2.66

= 6.28

= 0.42

= 6.04

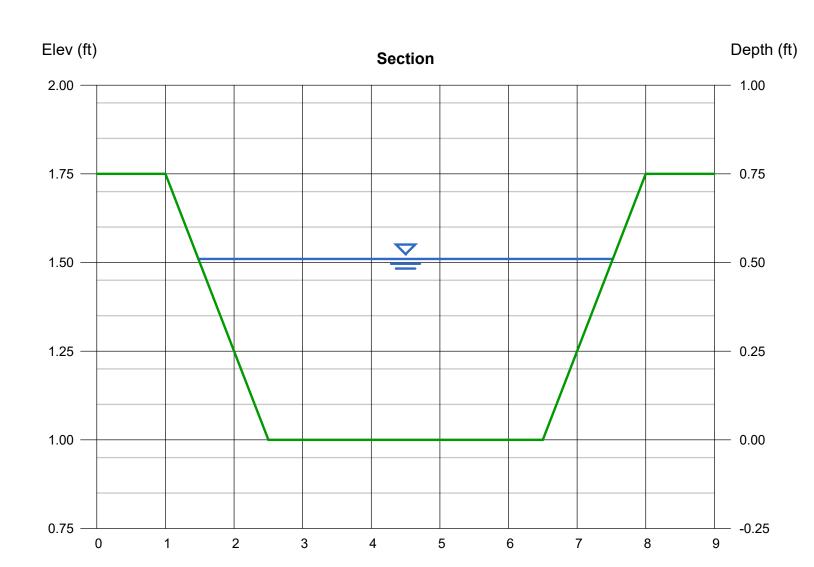
= 0.62

SOUTH BASIN OUTLET - 4FT WIDE GRADED DRAINAGE CHANNEL

Trapezoidal		Highlighted
Bottom Width (ft)	= 4.00	Depth (ft)
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 2.00, 2.00	Q (cfs)
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.75	Area (sqft)
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)
Slope (%)	= 1.00	Wetted Perim (ft)
N-Value	= 0.030	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)
		Top Width (ft)

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 6.81



Reach (ft)

EGL (ft)

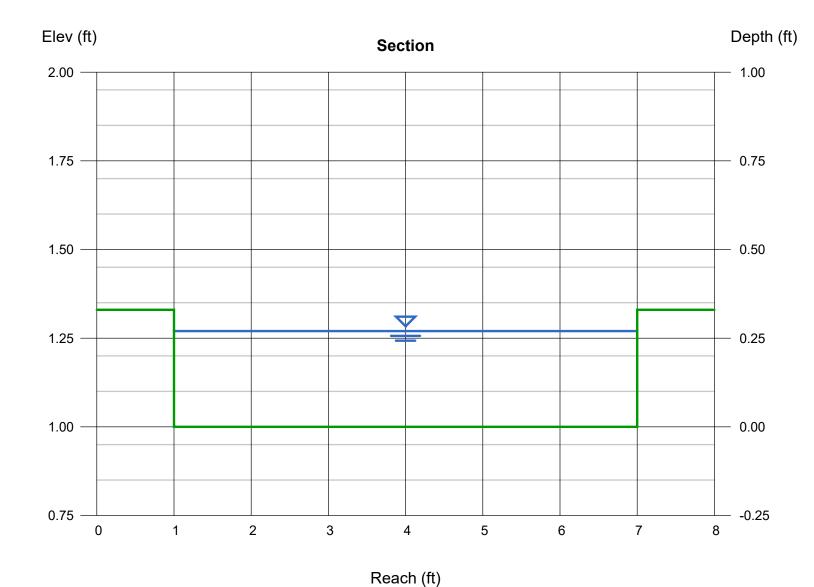
Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Jan 2 2024

NORTH BASIN INLET - 72IN PARKWAY DRAIN

Rectangular		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 6.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.27
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.33	Q (cfs)	= 10.26
,		Area (sqft)	= 1.62
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 6.33
Slope (%)	= 2.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 6.54
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.33
		Top Width (ft)	= 6.00
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.89
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 10.26		





NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2 Location name: Hesperia, California, USA* Latitude: 34.4068°, Longitude: -117.2986° Elevation: 3255 ft**



source: ESRI Maps
** source: USGS

POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹										
Duration		Average recurrence interval (years)								
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.089 (0.073-0.108)	0.123 (0.101-0.150)	0.169 (0.139-0.207)	0.207 (0.169-0.256)	0.261 (0.206-0.334)	0.304 (0.235-0.396)	0.348 (0.263-0.466)	0.395 (0.290-0.543)	0.460 (0.324-0.659)	0.511 (0.348-0.759)
10-min	0.127 (0.105-0.155)	0.176 (0.145-0.215)	0.242 (0.199-0.297)	0.297 (0.243-0.367)	0.374 (0.296-0.478)	0.435 (0.337-0.568)	0.499 (0.377-0.667)	0.566 (0.416-0.779)	0.659 (0.465-0.945)	0.733 (0.499-1.09)
15-min	0.154 (0.127-0.188)	0.213 (0.176-0.260)	0.293 (0.241-0.359)	0.359 (0.293-0.444)	0.452 (0.358-0.578)	0.526 (0.408-0.687)	0.604 (0.456-0.807)	0.685 (0.503-0.942)	0.797 (0.562-1.14)	0.886 (0.603-1.32)
30-min	0.223 (0.185-0.273)	0.309 (0.255-0.378)	0.425 (0.350-0.521)	0.522 (0.427-0.645)	0.658 (0.520-0.840)	0.765 (0.592-0.999)	0.877 (0.663-1.17)	0.995 (0.731-1.37)	1.16 (0.817-1.66)	1.29 (0.877-1.91)
60-min	0.303 (0.251-0.370)	0.419 (0.347-0.513)	0.577 (0.475-0.707)	0.708 (0.579-0.875)	0.892 (0.705-1.14)	1.04 (0.803-1.35)	1.19 (0.899-1.59)	1.35 (0.992-1.86)	1.57 (1.11-2.25)	1.75 (1.19-2.59)
2-hr	0.435 (0.360-0.531)	0.580 (0.480-0.709)	0.779 (0.642-0.954)	0.945 (0.773-1.17)	1.18 (0.934-1.51)	1.37 (1.06-1.79)	1.57 (1.18-2.09)	1.77 (1.30-2.44)	2.06 (1.45-2.96)	2.29 (1.56-3.40)
3-hr	0.540 (0.446-0.659)	0.711 (0.588-0.870)	0.946 (0.779-1.16)	1.14 (0.935-1.41)	1.42 (1.13-1.82)	1.65 (1.28-2.15)	1.88 (1.42-2.52)	2.13 (1.57-2.94)	2.48 (1.75-3.56)	2.76 (1.88-4.10)
6-hr	0.753 (0.623-0.919)	0.984 (0.813-1.20)	1.30 (1.07-1.59)	1.57 (1.28-1.94)	1.95 (1.54-2.49)	2.25 (1.74-2.94)	2.57 (1.94-3.44)	2.92 (2.14-4.01)	3.40 (2.39-4.87)	3.78 (2.58-5.62)
12-hr	0.975 (0.807-1.19)	1.30 (1.08-1.59)	1.75 (1.44-2.14)	2.12 (1.74-2.62)	2.65 (2.10-3.39)	3.08 (2.38-4.01)	3.52 (2.66-4.70)	3.99 (2.93-5.48)	4.64 (3.27-6.66)	5.17 (3.52-7.68)
24-hr	1.30 (1.16-1.50)	1.80 (1.59-2.07)	2.46 (2.17-2.84)	3.01 (2.64-3.51)	3.79 (3.21-4.57)	4.41 (3.66-5.42)	5.06 (4.10-6.37)	5.74 (4.53-7.44)	6.71 (5.07-9.05)	7.48 (5.46-10.4)
2-day	1.51 (1.34-1.74)	2.10 (1.86-2.42)	2.90 (2.56-3.35)	3.58 (3.14-4.17)	4.54 (3.85-5.47)	5.31 (4.41-6.53)	6.12 (4.96-7.71)	6.99 (5.51-9.05)	8.22 (6.21-11.1)	9.21 (6.73-12.9)
3-day	1.62 (1.44-1.86)	2.26 (2.00-2.61)	3.15 (2.78-3.64)	3.91 (3.42-4.55)	4.98 (4.22-6.00)	5.84 (4.85-7.18)	6.76 (5.47-8.51)	7.74 (6.10-10.0)	9.14 (6.91-12.3)	10.3 (7.52-14.4)
4-day	1.74 (1.54-2.00)	2.43 (2.15-2.80)	3.40 (3.00-3.93)	4.22 (3.70-4.92)	5.38 (4.56-6.48)	6.33 (5.25-7.78)	7.33 (5.93-9.23)	8.40 (6.62-10.9)	9.94 (7.52-13.4)	11.2 (8.18-15.6)
7-day	1.93 (1.71-2.22)	2.70 (2.39-3.11)	3.76 (3.32-4.35)	4.67 (4.09-5.44)	5.97 (5.06-7.19)	7.01 (5.82-8.62)	8.12 (6.58-10.2)	9.30 (7.33-12.0)	11.0 (8.32-14.8)	12.4 (9.04-17.3)
10-day	2.06 (1.82-2.37)	2.88 (2.55-3.32)	4.02 (3.54-4.64)	4.98 (4.36-5.81)	6.37 (5.40-7.67)	7.48 (6.21-9.20)	8.66 (7.02-10.9)	9.93 (7.82-12.9)	11.7 (8.88-15.8)	13.2 (9.65-18.4)
20-day	2.44 (2.16-2.81)	3.43 (3.04-3.96)	4.82 (4.25-5.57)	6.00 (5.25-6.99)	7.70 (6.52-9.27)	9.07 (7.53-11.2)	10.5 (8.52-13.3)	12.1 (9.52-15.6)	14.3 (10.8-19.3)	16.1 (11.8-22.5)
30-day	2.84 (2.52-3.27)	3.99 (3.54-4.60)	5.61 (4.95-6.48)	6.99 (6.12-8.15)	8.99 (7.62-10.8)	10.6 (8.81-13.0)	12.3 (9.99-15.5)	14.2 (11.2-18.4)	16.8 (12.7-22.7)	18.9 (13.8-26.4)
45-day	3.36 (2.98-3.87)	4.70 (4.16-5.42)	6.59 (5.82-7.61)	8.22 (7.20-9.57)	10.6 (8.96-12.7)	12.5 (10.4-15.4)	14.6 (11.8-18.3)	16.8 (13.2-21.7)	19.9 (15.1-26.9)	22.5 (16.4-31.4)
60-day	3.81 (3.38-4.38)	5.27 (4.66-6.07)	7.33 (6.47-8.47)	9.12 (7.99-10.6)	11.7 (9.93-14.1)	13.9 (11.5-17.0)	16.1 (13.1-20.3)	18.6 (14.7-24.1)	22.1 (16.7-29.9)	25.0 (18.3-35.0)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

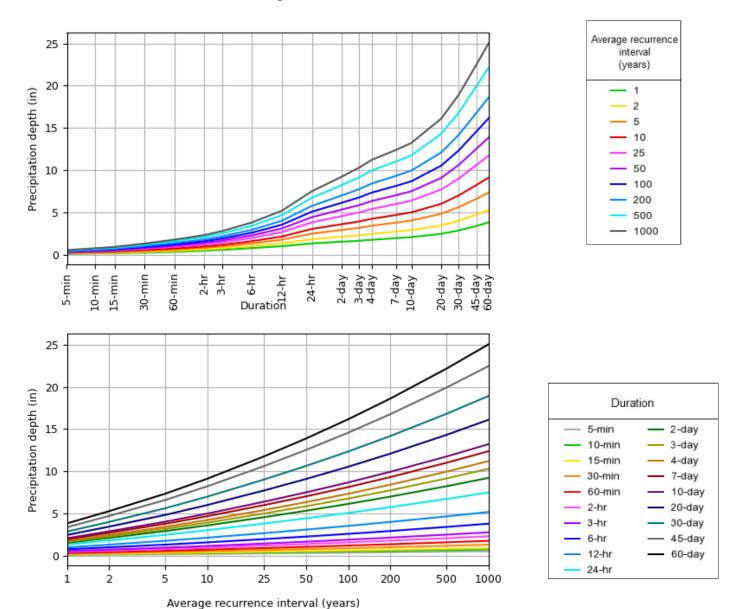
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 34.4068°, Longitude: -117.2986°



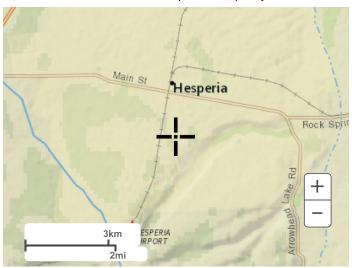
NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

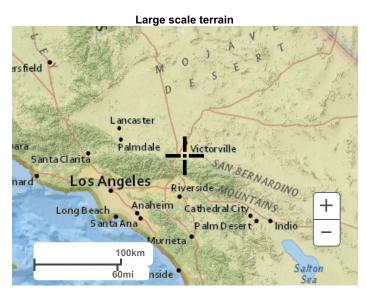
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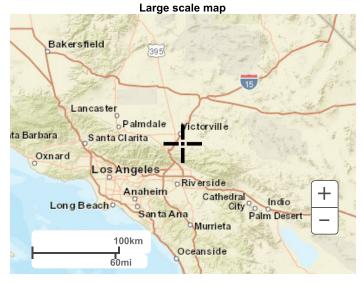
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