COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

WITH REPORT ON AUDIT BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 30, 2020



CLAconnect.com

WEALTH ADVISORY
OUTSOURCING
AUDIT, TAX, AND
CONSULTING



June 30, 2020

	Page <u>Number</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3 - 6
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Balance Sheet	9
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statements of Net Position	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statements of Activities	12
Notes to Financial Statements	13 - 19
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	23
Note to Required Supplementary Information	24





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Community Development Commission of the City of Hesperia Hesperia, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Community Development Commission of the City of Hesperia (Commission) (a component unit of the City of Hesperia) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Commission's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Community Development Commission as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the financial position and the changes in financial position of the Community Development Commission. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Hesperia as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Irvine, California March 25, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Hesperia's Community Development Commission (Commission) financial performance provides an overview of the Commission's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Please read this in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Commission's net position increased by 3% above June 30, 2019 due primarily from the following factor listed below:

- For FY 2019-20, assets increased by \$42,996, primarily the result of an increase in Due from the City of Hesperia of \$41,254. Liabilities decreased by \$246,179, a combination of a \$10,943 decrease in accounts payable and a \$235,236 decrease in the amount Due to City of Hesperia, resulting in an overall increase in net position of \$289,175.
- During the year ending June 30, 2020, the Commission received \$430,299 in contributions from the City of Hesperia's General Fund to fund anticipated revenue shortfalls. Through FY 2019-20, the Commission has received cumulative contributions of \$1,812,569 from the City of Hesperia's General Fund, as ongoing Commission revenue has been insufficient to support its operations. In order to facilitate future economic development, the operations of the Community Development Commission have been absorbed into the General Fund starting in FY 2020-21, within the Economic Development Department.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and present a long-term view of the Commission's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Commission's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Commission's most significant funds.

REPORTING THE COMMISSION AS A WHOLE

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Commission's finances is, "Is the Commission as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Government-Wide Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities – report information about the Commission as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting method, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-8 of this report.

REPORTING THE COMMISSION'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission uses a governmental fund to account for its operations.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9-12 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-19 of this report.

THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION AS A WHOLE

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Commission.

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11.5 million, at June 30, 2020.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Changes from 2019 to 2		
	2019	2020		Amount	Percentage
Current and other assets	\$ 12,118,833	\$ 12,161,829	\$	42,996	0%
Total Assets	12,118,833	12,161,829		42,996	0%
Current and other liabilities	888,106	641,927		(246,179)	-28%
Total Liabilities	888,106	641,927		(246,179)	-28%
Net Position:					
Restricted for economic development	11,230,727	11,519,902		289,175	3%
Total Net Position	\$ 11,230,727	\$ 11,519,902	\$	289,175	3%

The following is a brief explanation for the balance changes of Table 1 above for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

- Current and other assets increased marginally to \$12.2 million from FY 2018-19. This increase in assets is primarily represented by a \$42,996 increase in Due from City of Hesperia.
- Current and other liabilities of \$641,927 represents a \$246,179 decrease from the previous year's ending balance of \$888,106.

COMMISSION CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The cost of all Commission activities this year was \$455,880. This represents an increase of 5% from FY 2018-19 costs of activities of \$433,113. The total revenue of \$745,055 in FY 2019-20 is a significant rise of 1931% from FY 2018-19.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

			Changes from 2019 to 2020			
	2019	2020	2020 Amount Perc			
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 21,694	\$ 430,299	\$ 408,605	1883%		
General revenues:						
Income from money and property	14,999	299,726	284,727	1898%		
Other	-	15,030	15,030	n/a		
Total revenues	36,693	745,055	708,362	1931%		
Expenses						
Development services	433,113	455,880	22,767	5%		
Total expenses	433,113	455,880	22,767	5%		
Change in net position	(396,420)	289,175	685,595	173%		
Net position at July 1	11,627,147	11,230,727	(396,420)	-3%		
Net position at June 30	\$ 11,230,727	\$ 11,519,902	\$ 289,175	3%		

Other significant changes to take note of in Table 2 are:

- The Commission received a contribution of \$430,299 from the City of Hesperia to help fund ongoing activities. The contribution from the City of Hesperia is 1883% more than the \$21,964 that was contributed in FY 2018-19.
- Income from money and property increased by \$284,727 during FY 2019-20, an increase of 1898% from FY 2018-19, as a result of the Commission receiving full repayment on a promissory note that was issued for the sale of land.
- In FY 2019-20, expenditures totaled \$455,880, which is an increase of nearly \$23,000 or 5% compared to the FY 2018-19 total of \$433,113. This is primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits partially offset by decreases in materials and operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S FUNDS

At year-end, the Commission's governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$11,501,449 compared to the previous year's fund balance of \$11,214,016 at June 30, 2019. Without considering the \$430,299 contribution from the City of Hesperia, the revenues totaled \$314,756, a 2100% increase compared to the previous year's revenue of \$15,000, resulting from the full repayment of a promissory note issued for the sale of land. The increase in the Commission's expenditures was related to a marginal rise in salaries and benefit expenses for FY 2019-20. As with the previous fiscal year, there were expenditure reductions in advertisement, contract services, and program expenditures such as trade shows.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Due to the insufficient revenue generated by the Commission's operations, the Commission has received cumulative contributions of \$1,812,569 from the City of Hesperia's General Fund. As the Commission does not have an ongoing revenue source to support operations, the operations of the Community Development Commission have been absorbed into the General Fund starting in FY 2020-21, within Economic Development Department.

CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and shows the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Commission's Finance Department, at the City of Hesperia, 9700 Seventh Avenue, Hesperia, California 92345.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

SETS		Governmental Activities			
Current Assets: Due from City of Hesperia	_\$	41,254			
Total Current Assets		41,254			
Noncurrent Assets: Land held for resale Deposits Total Noncurrent Assets		12,102,122 18,453 12,120,575			
Total Assets	_\$	12,161,829			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to City of Hesperia Total Current Liabilities	\$	1,025 640,902 641,927			
NET POSITION Restricted for connemic development		11 510 000			
Restricted for economic development Total Net Position	\$	11,519,902 11,519,902			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

									Rev	(Expense) venue and nanges in
				F	rogr	am Revenu	ies		Ne	t Position
					0	perating	Ca	apital		
				ges for	_	rants and	_	nts and	_	ernmental
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Sei	rvices	Co	ntributions	Contr	<u>ibutions</u>	A	ctivities
Primary Government										
Governmental activities:										
Development services	\$	455,880	\$		\$	430,299	\$		\$	(25,581)
Total governmental activities	\$	455,880	\$	-	\$	430,299	\$		\$	(25,581)
General Revenues:										
Income from money and property							299,726			
	Oth	er revenues	;							15,030
Total general revenues							314,756			
Change In Net Position								289,175		
	Net	position at t	he be	ginning (of ye	ar			1	1,230,727
	Net	position at t	he en	d of year	r				\$ 1	1,519,902

BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2020

Assets		
Due from City of Hesperia	\$	41,254
Land held for resale		12,102,122
Total Assets	\$	12,143,376
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	1,025
Due to City of Hesperia	·	640,902
Total Liabilities		641,927
Fund Balances:		
Restricted:		
Economic development		11,501,449
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	12,143,376

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds.

\$ 11,501,449

Deposits with insurance providers to pay for long-term liabilities are not current financial resources to the governmental funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

18,453

Total Net Position \$ 11,519,902

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Use of money and property	\$ 430,299 299,726
Other revenues	 15,030
Total Revenues	745,055
Expenditures: Current:	
Development services	 457,622
Total Expenditures	 457,622
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	287,433
Fund balances at beginning of period	11,214,016
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 11,501,449

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 287,433
Recording of long-term deposits are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of activities.	 1,742
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 289,175

June 30, 2020

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a. Reporting Entity:

The Community Development Commission of the City of Hesperia (the Commission), which is a subsidiary component unit of the City of Hesperia, was established on April 5, 2011 by Resolution No. 2011-023 of the City Council. The Community Development Commission was activated when the dissolution of the former Hesperia Community Redevelopment Agency occurred on February 1, 2012. The Commission develops, manages, and promotes economic development interests within the City of Hesperia.

The Commission is an integral part of the reporting entity of the City of Hesperia (the City). The accounts of the Commission have been included within the scope of the basic financial statements of the City because the City Council has financial accountability over the operations of the Commission. Only the accounts of the Commission are included herein. Therefore, these financial statements do not purport to represent the financial position or results of operations of the City of Hesperia. Upon completion, the financial statements of the City can be obtained at City Hall.

b. Basis of Presentation:

The accounting policies of the Commission conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as they are applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies reflected in the financial statements are summarized as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Commission. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Commission has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued):

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The accounting system of the Commission is organized and operated on the basis of one fund, which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in the fund based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Pursuant to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the fund balance reported on the fund statements now consist of the following:

 The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

The Commission only has restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2020.

When expenditures are incurred, the Commission uses the most restrictive funds first. The Commission would use the appropriate funds in the following order: committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts.

The Commission's major fund is described below:

<u>Community Development Commission</u> – used to account for revenues derived from specific sources that are restricted by law or administrative regulation to expenditures for specific purposes.

c. Measurement Focus:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the government are reported.

In the fund financial statements, the governmental fund is accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. The reported fund balances (net current assets) are considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c. Measurement Focus (Continued):

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as a fund asset. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing sources rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

In the Statement of Net Position, the net position is classified in the following categories:

• Restricted net position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

d. Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and availability criteria for the governmental fund in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

- 1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):
 - e. New Accounting Pronouncements:

Current Year Standards

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authority Guidance*, which was effective immediately. This Statement provided temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic and postponed the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. Paragraphs 4 and 5 are applicable to fiscal year 2019-2020. This Statement requires that for purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, except for a potential component unit that is a defined contribution pension plan, a defined contribution OPEB plan, or an other employee benefit plan (for example, certain Section 457 plans), the absence of a governing board should be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform.

This Statement also requires that the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, be applicable to only defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, or paragraph 3 of Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, respectively.

The requirements of these paragraphs did not impact the Commission.

Pending Accounting Standards

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset for leases with a term of more than 12 months. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, lessees and lessors should recognize short-term lease payments as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, respectively, based on the payment provisions of the lease contract. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, early application is encouraged.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

e. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued):

<u>Pending Accounting Standards</u>(Continued)

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This Statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to leases, fiduciary activities, measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition, reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers, reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments.

The requirements of this Statement are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to the effective date of Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to intra-entity transfers of assets and those related to the applicability of Statements 73 and 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.
- The requirements related to application of Statement 84 to postemployment benefit arrangements and those related to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.
- The requirements related to the measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) associated with AROs in a government acquisition are effective for government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

f. Cash and Investments:

Cash and investments are pooled with other City funds for investment purposes, with interest being allocated quarterly to all funds legally requiring allocation and to other various funds at the direction of management based on average month-end pooled funds' cash and investment balances. Interest income for cash and investments excluded from pooled cash is credited directly to the related fund. Investment policies applicable to the Commission's funds are those of the City and are included in the notes to the City's basic financial statements.

g. Claims and Judgments:

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the Commission records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. At June 30, 2020, in the opinion of the Commission's Attorney, the Commission had no material unrecorded claims that would require loss provision in the financial statements, including losses for claims that are Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR). Small dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid.

The Commission participates in the self-insurance program of the City of Hesperia. Information relating to the self-insurance program can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements of the City of Hesperia.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

h. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Commission does not have any type of these items at June 30, 2020.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Commission does not have any type of these items at June 30, 2020.

i. Receivables:

All accounts, taxes, and service receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

i. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS:

Equity in Cash and Investment Pool of the City of Hesperia:

The Commission does not have a separate bank account; however, the Commission's cash and investments are maintained in an investment pool managed by the City of Hesperia. The Commission is a voluntary participant in that pool. This pool is governed by and under the regulatory oversight of the Investment Policy adopted by the City Council of the City of Hesperia. The Commission has not adopted an investment policy separate from that of the City of Hesperia.

The fair value of the Commission's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Commission's pro-rata share of the fair value calculated by the City for the entire City portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the City, which are recorded on an original cost basis.

At June 30, 2020, pooled cash of the City of Hesperia temporarily covered the Commission's \$640,902 negative cash balance. This is reported in the accompanying financial statements as due to the City of Hesperia.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Commission's Investment Policy:

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the Commission by the California Government Code (or the Commission's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the Commission's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Maximum	Maximum
Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Maturity	Of Portfolio	In One Issuer
5 vears	100%	None
5 years	100%	None
180 days	25%	5%
270 days	15%	10%
5 years	25%	None
1 year	20%	None
N/A	100%	None
5 years	30%	None
N/A	20%	10%
5 years	10%	None
N/A	30%	None
5 years	10%	None
5 years	30%	None
	Maturity 5 years 5 years 180 days 270 days 5 years 1 year N/A 5 years N/A 5 years N/A 5 years N/A 5 years	Maximum Maturity Percentage Of Portfolio 5 years 100% 5 years 100% 180 days 25% 270 days 15% 5 years 25% 1 year 20% N/A 100% 5 years 30% N/A 20% 5 years 10% N/A 30% 5 years 10% 5 years 10%

Disclosures Related to Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Fair Value Measurements:

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents are pooled with the City of Hesperia's cash and investments. Additional disclosures regarding the pooled investments related to interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk and fair value measurements are available in the City of Hesperia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

3. NOTES RECEIVABLES:

Notes receivable at June 30, 2020 include the following:

Sultan Financial Hesperia, LLC:

In October 2013, the Commission entered into a loan agreement with Sultan Financial Hesperia, LLC. (a California limited liability corporation). This agreement constitutes the sale of land sold by the Commission to Sultan Financial Hesperia, LLC for a loan amount of \$270,000. The agreement is secured by a deed of trust on the property. The term of the note is 10 years at a permanent interest rate of 5.505%. Sultan Financial Hesperia, LLC will make annual interest only payments at the end of each of the first nine (9) years. At the end of the tenth (10th) year (FY 2023-24), Sultan Financial Hesperia, LLC will make a payment of the outstanding principal and remaining accrued interest, unless there is an occurrence of an Event of Acceleration. The balance was paid off during the fiscal year.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Final Actual Final B		
Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 11,214,016	\$ 11,214,016	\$ 11,214,016	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	430,299	430,299	
Use of money and property	20,000	20,000	299,726	279,726	
Other revenues	14,863	14,863	15,030	167	
Amount Available For Appropriations	34,863	34,863	745,055	710,192	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
Current:					
Development services	529,790	529,790	457,622	72,168	
Total Charges to Appropriations	529,790	529,790	457,622	72,168	
Excess of Resources Over					
(Under) Charges to Appropriations	(494,927)	(494,927)	287,433	782,360	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 10,719,089	\$ 10,719,089	\$ 11,501,449	\$ 782,360	

June 30, 2020

1. BUDGETARY DATA:

In conjunction with the City of Hesperia's budgeting process, the Commission adopts annual operating budgets for the governmental funds each year. The Commission's Board approves each year's budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. The Board conducts public hearings prior to its adoption. Supplemental appropriations, when required during the period, are also approved by the Board. Increases in annual expenditures require approval by the Board. Interdepartmental budget changes are approved by the City Manager. In most cases, expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level for each fund. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse. However, encumbrances at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

